



POLICY: Oncology (Injectable) – Vectibix Utilization Management Medical Policy

• Vectibix[®] (panitumumab intravenous infusion – Amgen)

EFFECTIVE DATE: 1/1/2021 **LAST REVISION DATE:** 02/26/2025

COVERAGE CRITERIA FOR: All Aspirus Medicare Plans

OVERVIEW

Vectibix, an epidermal growth factor receptor monoclonal antibody, is indicated for the treatment of: 1

- Wild-type *RAS* (defined as wild-type in both *KRAS* and *NRAS* as determined by an FDAapproved test for this use) **metastatic colorectal cancer** (mCRC) in adults as:
 - First-line therapy in combination with FOLFOX (5-fluorouracil [5-FU], leucovorin, oxaliplatin).
 - Monotherapy following disease progression after prior treatment with fluoropyrimidine-, oxaliplatin-, and irinotecan-containing chemotherapy.
- *KRAS G12C* mutated mCRC in combination with Lumakras[®] (sotorasib tablets) in adults who have received prior treatment with fluoropyrimidine-, oxaliplatin-, and irinotecan-based chemotherapy.

<u>Limitation of use</u>: Vectibix is <u>not</u> indicated for the treatment of patients with *RAS*-mutant mCRC unless used in combination with Lumakras in *KRAS G12C* mutated mCRC. Vectibix is not indicated for the treatment of patients with mCRC for whom *RAS* mutation status is unknown.

Guidelines

The National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) **Colon Cancer** guidelines (version 1.2025 – February 7, 2025) recommend Vectibix as initial therapy for advanced or metastatic *KRAS/NRAS/BRAF* wild-type and left-sided tumors only in combination with FOLFOX, FOLFIRI (5-FU, leucovorin, irinotecan), or CapeOX (capecitabine and oxaliplatin) regimens in patients who can tolerate intensive therapy (category 2A) or as a single agent in patients who cannot tolerate intensive therapy (category 2B).^{2,4} Reference to left-sided only disease refers to a primary tumor that originated in the left side of the colon. Vectibix in combination with Braftovi^{*} (encorafenib capsules) is recommended for the initial treatment of *BRAF V600E* mutation positive disease (category 2A). For the initial treatment of unresectable synchronous liver and/or lung metastases only, Vectibix in combination with either FOLFIRI or FOLFOX is recommended for *KRAS/NRAS/BRAF* wild-type and left-sided tumors only (category 2A). For the initial treatment of unresectable vectibix in combination with either FOLFIRI or FOLFOX is recommended for *KRAS/NRAS/BRAF* wild-type and left-sided tumors only (category 2A). For the initial treatment of unresectable vectibix in combination vectibix in combination vectibix in combination vectibix in the vectibit vectibit vectibit vectibit vectibits vectoble vectibits vectoble vectibits vectoble vectibits vectoble ve

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combination with irinotecan or FOLFIRI for *KRAS/NRAS/BRAF* wild-type and left-sided tumors only; in combination with Braftovi for *BRAF V600E* mutation positive disease; or in combination with Lumakras (sotorasib tablets) or Krazati (adagrasib tablets) for *KRAS G12C* mutation positive tumors (category 2A). Therapies recommended after first progression vary depending on the initial treatment regimen (i.e., 5-FU/leucovorin-based or capecitabine-based therapy) that was used. The NCCN guidelines recommend Vectibix, in combination with irinotecan, FOLFOX, CapeOX, or FOLFIRI for the subsequent treatment of *KRAS/NRAS/BRAF* wild-type tumors; in combination with Braftovi for the subsequent treatment of *BRAF V600E* mutation positive disease; or in combination with Lumakras or Krazati for *KRAS G12C* positive tumors. The NCCN **Rectal Cancer** guidelines (version 1.2025 – February 7, 2025) make the same recommendations for Vectibix for the treatment of rectal cancer.^{3,4}

POLICY STATEMENT

Prior Authorization is recommended for medical benefit coverage of Vectibix. Approval is recommended for those who meet the **Criteria** and **Dosing** for the listed indications. Extended approvals are allowed if the patient continues to meet the Criteria and Dosing. Requests for doses outside of the established dosing documented in this policy will be considered on a case-by-case basis by a clinician (i.e., Medical Director or Pharmacist). All approvals are provided for the duration noted below. Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with Vectibix, as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, approval requires Vectibix to be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated.

Automation: None.

RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

Coverage of Vectibix is recommended in those who meet one of the following criteria:

FDA-Approved Indication

- 1. Colon and Rectal Cancer. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, and C):
 - A) Patient is \geq 18 years of age; AND
 - **B**) Patient meets ONE of the following (i, ii, <u>or</u> iii):
 - i. Patient has advanced or metastatic disease and meets ONE of the following (a, b, c, <u>or</u> d):
 - **a)** Patient meets ALL of the following [(1), (2), (3), <u>and</u> (4)]:
 - Tumor or metastases are KRAS/NRAS/BRAF wild-type; AND <u>Note</u>: The tumor or metastases are KRAS, NRAS, and BRAF mutation negative.
 - 2. The primary tumor originated on the left side of the colon; AND

<u>Note</u>: Primary tumor originated from the splenic flexure to the rectum.

- 1. Medication is used for initial treatment; AND
- 2. Medication is used as a single agent or in combination with FOLFOX, CapeOX, or FOLFIRI; OR

<u>Note</u>: FOLFOX includes 5-fluorouracil; leucovorin, and oxaliplatin; CapeOX included capecitabine and oxaliplatin; and FOLFIRI includes 5-fluorouracil, leucovorin, and irinotecan.

- **b)** Patient meets ALL of the following [(1), (2), <u>and</u> (3)]:
 - Tumor or metastases are KRAS/NRAS/BRAF wild-type; AND <u>Note</u>: The tumor or metastases are KRAS, NRAS, and BRAF mutation negative.
 - 2. Medication is used for subsequent treatment; AND
 - 3. Medication is used as a single agent or in combination with irinotecan, FOLFOX, CapeOX, or FOLFIRI; OR <u>Note</u>: FOLFOX includes 5-fluorouracil, leucovorin, and oxaliplatin; CapeOX included capecitabine and oxaliplatin; and FOLFIRI includes 5-fluorouracil, leucovorin, and irinotecan.
- c) Patient meets BOTH of the following [(1) and (2)]:
 - 1. Tumor or metastases are *BRAF V600E* mutation-positive; AND
 - (3) Medication is used in combination with Braftovi (encorafenib capsules); OR
- **d)** Patient meets ALL of the following [(1), (2), <u>and</u> (3)]:
 - 1. Tumor or metastases are *KRAS G12C* mutation positive; AND
 - Medication is used for subsequent therapy; AND <u>Note</u>: This is subsequent therapy following the initial diagnosis of colon or rectal cancer.
 - **3.** Medication is used in combination with Lumakras (sotorasib tablets) or Krazati (adagrasib tablets); OR
- **ii.** Patient has unresectable synchronous liver and/or lung metastases and meets ALL of the following (a, b, c, <u>and</u> d):

<u>Note</u>: Synchronous metastases are metastases that are diagnosed at the same time as or within a few months of the initial diagnosis of colon or rectal cancer.

- **a.** Metastases are *KRAS/NRAS/BRAF* wild-type; AND <u>Note</u>: The metastases are *KRAS*, *NRAS*, and *BRAF* mutation negative.
- **b)** The primary tumor originated on the left side of the colon; AND <u>Note</u>: Primary tumor originated from the splenic flexure to the rectum.
- c) Medication is used for primary treatment; AND
- **d)** Medication is used in combination with FOLFOX or FOLFIRI; OR <u>Note</u>: FOLFOX includes 5-fluorouracil, leucovorin, and oxaliplatin and FOLFIRI includes fluorouracil, leucovorin, and irinotecan.
- iii. Patient has unresectable metachronous metastases and meets ONE of the following (a, b, <u>or</u> c):

<u>Note</u>: Metachronous metastases are metastases that are diagnosed months to years after the initial diagnosis of colon or rectal cancer.

- **a)** Patient meets ALL of the following [(1), (2), <u>and</u> (3)]:
 - 1. Metastases are *KRAS/NRAS/BRAF* wild-type; AND Note: The metastases are *KRAS*, *NRAS*, and *BRAF* mutation negative.
 - 2. Medication is used for initial treatment; AND
 - **3.** Medication is used in combination with irinotecan or FOLFIRI; OR <u>Note</u>: FOLFIRI includes fluorouracil, leucovorin, and irinotecan.
- **b)** Patient meets ALL of the following [(1), (2), <u>and</u> (3)]:
 - 1. Metastases are BRAF V600E mutation positive; AND
 - 2. Medication is used for initial treatment; AND
 - 3. Medication is used in combination with Braftovi; OR
- **c)** Patient meets ALL of the following [(1), (2), <u>and</u> (3)]:
 - 1. Metastases are KRAS G12C mutation positive; AND
 - 2. Medication is used for initial treatment; AND
 - 3. Medication is used in combination with Lumakras or Krazati; AND
- C) The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

Dosing. Approve up to 6 mg/kg administered by intravenous infusion, given no more frequently than once every 14 days.

Other Uses with Supportive Evidence

- 2. Appendiceal Adenocarcinoma. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, and C):
 - A) Patient is \geq 18 years of age; AND
 - **B**) Patient has advanced or metastatic disease and meets ONE of the following (i <u>or</u> ii):
 - i. Patient meets BOTH of the following (a and b):
 - a) Tumor or metastases are BRAF V600E mutation-positive; AND
 - **b)** Medication is used in combination with Braftovi (encorafenib capsules); OR
 - **ii.** Patient meets ALL of the following (a, b, <u>and</u> c):
 - a) Tumor or metastases are KRAS G12C mutation positive; AND
 - b) Medication is used for subsequent therapy; AND
 - c) Medication is used in combination with Lumakras (sotorasib tablets) or Krazati (adagrasib tablets); AND
 - C) The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

Dosing. Approve up to 6 mg/kg administered by intravenous infusion, given no more frequently than once every 14 days.

CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of Vectibix is not recommended in the following situations:

1. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

REFERENCES

- 1. Vectibix[®] intravenous infusion [prescribing information]. Thousand Oaks, CA: Amgen; January 2025.
- 2. The NCCN Colon Cancer Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2025 February 7, 2025). © 2025 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <u>http://www.nccn.org</u>. Accessed on February 17, 2025.
- 3. The NCCN Rectal Cancer Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2025 February 7, 2025). © 2025 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <u>http://www.nccn.org</u>. Accessed on February 17, 2025.
- 4. The NCCN Drugs and Biologics Compendium. © 2025 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <u>http://www.nccn.org</u>. Accessed on February 17, 2025. Search term: panitumumab.

Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	Review Date
Annual Revision	Colon and Rectal Cancer: Patient is \geq 18 years of age added as additional requirement. Unresectable added as descriptor to patient has unresectable, advanced, or metastatic disease.	08/02/2023
Annual Revision	Colon and Rectal Cancer: Add new option for approval for patients with unresectable synchronous liver and/or lung metastases. Added new option for approval for patients with unresectable metachronous metastases. Removed criterion that the tumor or metastases are wild-type <i>BRAF</i> and criterion that the patient has previously received a chemotherapy regimen for colon or rectal cancer. Removed unresectable from criterion that the patient has advanced or metastatic disease and meets one of the following. Added <i>BRAF</i> to criterion that the tumor or metastases are <i>KRAS/NRAS/BRAF</i> mutation negative; and added medication is for initial therapy and medication is used in combination with FOLFOX, CapeOX, or FOLFIRI to condition of approval. Added condition of approval for the subsequent treatment of <i>KRAS/NRAS/BRAF</i> mutation negative disease. Added condition of approval for <i>BRAF V600E</i> mutation positive disease. Added condition of approval for <i>KRAS G12C</i> mutation positive disease.	08/07/2024
Aspirus P&T Review	Policy reviewed and approved by Aspirus P&T committee. Annual review process	09/16/2024
Early Annual Revision	Colon and Rectal Cancer: As a single agent added to the requirement that the medication is used as a single agent or in combination with FOLFOX, CapeOX, or FOLFIRI. Removed requirement that the medication is used for subsequent treatment. This is subsequent therapy following the initial diagnosis of Colon or rectal cancer added as a Note. Added synchronous metastases are metastases that are diagnosed at the same time as or within a few months of the initial diagnosis of colon or rectal cancer as a Note. Added metachronous metastases are metastases that are diagnosed months to years after the initial diagnosis of colon or rectal cancer. Appendiceal Adenocarcinoma: Medication is used for subsequent treatment removed as a requirement.	02/26/2025