

POLICY: Hematology – Reblozyl Utilization Management Medical Policy

- Reblozyl® (luspatercept-aamt subcutaneous injection – Celgene//Bristol Myers Squibb)

EFFECTIVE DATE: 1/1/2021

LAST REVISION DATE: 01/28/2026; selected revision 02/04/2026 and 02/11/2026

COVERAGE CRITERIA FOR: All Aspirus Medicare Plans

OVERVIEW

Reblozyl, an erythroid maturation agent, is indicated for the following conditions:¹

- **Beta-thalassemia**, for the treatment of adults with anemia who require regular red blood cell (RBC) transfusions.
- **Myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS)**, very low- to intermediate-risk disease, for the treatment of anemia in adults who may require regular RBC transfusions with anemia without previous erythropoiesis-stimulating agent (ESA) use (ESA-naïve).
- **MDS with ring sideroblasts**, very low- to intermediate-risk disease, or with **myelodysplastic/myeloproliferative neoplasm (MDS/MPN)** with ring sideroblasts and thrombocytosis for the treatment of anemic adults who have failed an ESA and require two or more RBC units over 8 weeks.

Clinical Efficacy

Beta-Thalassemia

In the BELIEVE trial, all patients required regular RBC transfusions at baseline, defined as at least six units of packed RBCs in the preceding 24 weeks, with no transfusion-free intervals > 35 days in that timeframe.^{1,2} A response to Reblozyl was defined as a 33% reduction in transfusion requirements from pretreatment baseline and a reduction in transfusion requirements of at least two RBC units during Weeks 13 through 24 compared with pretreatment baseline. The percentage of patients who had a reduction in the transfusion burden of at least 33% from baseline during Weeks 13 through 24 plus a reduction of at least two RBC units over this 12-week interval was greater for patients given Reblozyl (21.4%) vs. patients who received placebo (4.5%) [P < 0.001].

MDS or MDS/MPN

In the MEDALIST trial, patients were required to have ring sideroblasts according to World Health Organization criteria (i.e., ≥ 15% or ≥ 5% if *SF3B1* mutation was present).^{1,3} Patients with deletion 5q [del(5q)] were excluded from enrollment. All patients were required to have disease refractory or unlikely to respond to ESAs (unless endogenous erythropoietin level was elevated), and the median pretransfusion hemoglobin level was 7.6 g/dL (range 5 to 10 g/dL). Patients had to require RBC transfusions (two or more RBC units over 8 weeks). During the initial 24 weeks of the trial, 58% of patients had transfusion independence for 8 weeks or longer compared with 13% of patients in the placebo group.¹ In the pivotal MEDALIST trial publication, which primarily involved patients with MDS, improvements in hemoglobin from baseline were sustained through at least Week 25.

COMMANDS was an open-label trial that compared Reblozyl with epoetin alfa in patients with very low, low, or intermediate risk MDS or with MDS/MPN with ring sideroblasts and thrombocytosis.^{1,4} Patients were required to have had two to six RBC units in 8 weeks and erythropoietin levels < 500 U/L at screening. The primary endpoint was RBC transfusion independence for at least 12 weeks with a concurrent mean hemoglobin increase of at least 1.5 g/dL during Weeks 1 to 24 which was met by 58.5% of patients in the Reblozyl group vs. 31.2% of patients in the epoetin alfa group.

Dosing Information

For all indications, the starting dose is 1 mg/kg given subcutaneously (SC) once every 3 weeks.¹ Assess and review hemoglobin levels and transfusion record prior to each dose. Discontinue if a patient does not experience a decrease in transfusion burden after 9 weeks of treatment (administration of three doses) at the maximum dose level. For beta-thalassemia, the maximum recommended dose is 1.25 mg/kg SC given once every 3 weeks. For MDS and MDS/MPN, the maximum dose is 1.75 mg/kg SC given once every 3 weeks.

Guidelines

The Thalassaemia International Federation published guidelines for the management of transfusion-dependent beta-thalassemia (2025).⁵ The guidelines are extensive.

- Reblozyl is recommended for patients ≥ 18 years of age with transfusion-dependent beta-thalassemia who require regular RBC transfusions (Grade B, Class I).

Various National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) guidelines address Reblozyl.

- **MDS:** The NCCN guidelines for MDS (version 3.2026 – January 12, 2026)⁶ recommends Reblozyl in various clinical scenarios, some of which are described. Treatment with Reblozyl is supported for lower-risk disease associated with symptomatic anemia with no del(5q), with or without other cytogenetic abnormalities with ring sideroblasts ≥ 15% (or ring sideroblasts ≥ 5% with an *SF3B1* mutation) as a single agent (category 1). Treatment with Reblozyl is supported for lower-risk disease associated with symptomatic anemia with no del(5q), with or without other cytogenetic abnormalities with ring sideroblasts < 15% (or ring sideroblasts < 5% with an *SF3B1* mutation) and serum erythropoietin levels ≤ 500 mU/L as a single agent or following no response to an ESA (despite adequate iron stores) [both category 2A].
- **MDS/MPN:** The NCCN guidelines for MDS (version 3.2026 – January 12, 2026) suggest that treatment with Reblozyl can be considered for MDS/MPN with an *SF3B1* mutation and thrombocytosis as a single agent for the treatment of anemia (category 2A).^{6,7}
- **Myelofibrosis-Associated Anemia:** The NCCN guidelines for Myeloproliferative Neoplasms (version 2.2025 – July 8, 2025) recommend Reblozyl for the management of myelofibrosis-associated anemia in patients without splenomegaly or constitutional symptoms as an other recommended regimen (category 2A).⁸ Reblozyl is also recommended for patients with splenomegaly and/or constitutional symptoms when given in combination with a Janus Associated Kinases (JAK) inhibitor (category 2A).

POLICY STATEMENT

Prior Authorization is recommended for medical benefit coverage of Reblozyl. Approval is recommended for those who meet the **Criteria** and **Dosing** for the listed indications. Extended approvals are allowed if the patient continues to meet the Criteria and Dosing. Requests for doses outside of the established dosing documented in this policy will be considered on a case-by-case basis by a clinician (i.e., Medical Director or Pharmacist). All approvals are provided for the duration noted

below. In cases where the approval is authorized in months, 1 month is equal to 30 days. Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with Reblozyl as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, approval requires Reblozyl to be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated.

Indications and/or approval conditions noted with [EviCore] are managed by EviCore healthcare for those clients who use EviCore for oncology and/or oncology-related reviews. For these conditions, a prior authorization review should be directed to EviCore at www.EviCore.com.

Automation: None.

RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

Coverage of Reblozyl is recommended in those who meet ONE of the following criteria:

FDA-Approved Indications

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- 1. Transfusion Dependent Beta-Thalassemia.** Approve for the duration noted if the patient meets ONE of the following (A or B):
- A) Initial Therapy.** Approve for 6 months if the patient meets ALL of the following (i, ii, iii, iv, and v):
- i.** Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - ii.** According to the prescriber, the patient requires regular red blood cell transfusions as defined by meeting BOTH of the following (a and b):
 - a)** Patient has received at least 6 units of packed red blood cells within the preceding 24 weeks; AND
 - b)** Patient has not had any transfusion-free period > 35 days within the preceding 24 weeks; AND
 - iii.** Patient is not currently receiving Aqvesme (mitapivat tablets); AND
 - iv.** Patient has not received a gene therapy for transfusion dependent beta-thalassemia in the past; AND
Note: Examples include Zynteglo (betibeglogene autotemcel intravenous infusion) and Casgevy (exagamglogene autotemcel intravenous infusion).
 - v.** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist; OR
- B) Patient is Currently Receiving Reblozyl.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ALL of the following (i, ii, and iii):
- i.** According to the prescriber, the patient has experienced a clinically meaningful decrease in transfusion burden as defined by a decrease of at least 2 units in red blood cell transfusion burden over the past 6 months compared with the pretreatment baseline (prior to the initiation of Reblozyl); AND
 - ii.** Patient is not currently receiving Aqvesme (mitapivat tablets); AND
 - iii.** Patient has not received a gene therapy for transfusion dependent beta-thalassemia in the past.
Note: Examples include Zynteglo (betibeglogene autotemcel intravenous infusion) and Casgevy (exagamglogene autotemcel intravenous infusion).
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Dosing. Approve up to 1.25 mg/kg by subcutaneous injection administered not more frequently than once every 3 weeks.

2. Myelodysplastic Syndrome. [EviCore] Approve for the duration noted if the patient meets ONE of the following (A or B):

- A) Initial Therapy.** Approve for 6 months if the patient meets ALL of the following (i, ii, iii, iv, v, and vi):
- i.** Patient is \geq 18 years of age; AND
 - ii.** Patient has very low- to intermediate-risk myelodysplastic syndromes, as determined by the prescriber; AND
Note: This is determined using the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS).
 - iii.** Patient does not have a confirmed mutation with deletion 5q [del(5q)]; AND
 - iv.** According to the prescriber, the patient has symptomatic anemia; AND
 - v.** Reblozyl will not be used in combination with an erythropoiesis stimulating agent; AND
 - vi.** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist or hematologist; OR
- B) Patient is Currently Receiving Reblozyl.** Approve for 1 year if, according to the prescriber, the patient has experienced a clinically meaningful decrease in transfusion burden or the hemoglobin level has increased by \geq 1.5 g/dL compared with the pretreatment baseline.

Dosing. Approve up to 1.75 mg/kg by subcutaneous injection administered not more frequently than once every 3 weeks.

3. Myelodysplastic/Myeloproliferative Neoplasm. [EviCore] Approve for the duration noted if the patient meets ONE of the following (A or B):

- A) Initial Therapy.** Approve for 6 months if the patient meets ALL of the following (i, ii, iii, and iv):
- i.** Patient is \geq 18 years of age; AND
 - ii.** Patient has very low- to intermediate-risk disease, as determined by the prescriber; AND
Note: This is determined using the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS).
 - iii.** According to the prescriber, the patient has anemia; AND
 - iv.** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist or hematologist; OR
- B) Patient is Currently Receiving Reblozyl.** Approve for 1 year if, according to the prescriber, the patient has experienced a clinically meaningful decrease in transfusion burden or the hemoglobin level has increased by \geq 1.5 g/dL compared with the pretreatment baseline.

Dosing. Approve up to 1.75 mg/kg by subcutaneous injection administered not more frequently than once every 3 weeks.

Other Uses with Supportive Evidence

4. Myelofibrosis. [EviCore] Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, C, and D):

- A)** Patient is \geq 18 years of age; AND
- B)** Patient has myelofibrosis-related anemia; AND

- C)** Patient meets ONE of the following (i or ii):
- i.** Patient has no splenomegaly or constitutional symptoms; OR
 - ii.** Patient meets BOTH of the following (a and b):
 - a)** Patient has splenomegaly or constitutional symptoms; AND
 - b)** Reblozyl will be used in combination with a Janus Associated Kinases (JAK) inhibitor.
Note: Example of JAK inhibitors are Jakafi (ruxolitinib tablets) and Inrebic (fedratinib capsules).
- D)** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist or hematologist.

Dosing. Approve up to 1.75 mg/kg by subcutaneous injection administered not more frequently than once every 3 weeks.

CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of Reblozyl is not recommended in the following situations:

- 1.** Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

REFERENCES

1. Reblozyl® subcutaneous injection [prescribing information]. Summit; NJ: Celgene/Bristol-Myers Squibb; May 2024.
2. Cappellini MD, Viprakasit V, Taher AT, et al; BELIEVE Investigators. A Phase 3 Trial of luspatercept in patients with transfusion-dependent β -thalassemia. *N Engl J Med.* 2020;382(13):1219-1231.
3. Fenaux P, Platzbecker U, Mufti GJ, et al. Luspatercept in Patients with Lower-Risk Myelodysplastic Syndromes. *N Engl J Med.* 2020;382(2):140-151.
4. Platzbecker U, Della Porta MG, Santini V, et al. Efficacy and safety of luspatercept versus epoetin alfa in erythropoiesis-stimulating agent-naïve, transfusion-dependent, lower-risk myelodysplastic syndromes (COMMANDS): interim analysis of a phase 3, open-label, randomized controlled trial. *Lancet.* 2023;402:373-385.
5. Guidelines for the Management of Transfusion-Dependent β -Thalassemia (TDT) [Internet]. 5th ed. Nicosia, Cyprus: Thalassemia International Federation; 2025. PMID: 40367250.
6. The NCCN Myelodysplastic Syndromes Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 3.2026 – January 12, 2026). © 2026 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on January 16, 2026.
7. Komrokji RS, Platzbecker U, Fenaux P, et al. Luspatercept for myelodysplastic syndromes/myeloproliferative neoplasm with ring sideroblasts and thrombocytosis. *Leukemia.* 2022;36:1432-1435.
8. The NCCN Myeloproliferative Neoplasms Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 2.2025 – July 8, 2025). © 2025 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on January 16, 2026.

HISTORY

| Type of Revision | Summary of Changes | Review Date |
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| Annual Revision | No criteria changes. | 01/04/2023 |
| Selected Revision | Beta Thalassemia: In initial therapy criteria, regarding the requirement for regular red blood cell transfusions, this was further defined to mean that the patient has received at least 6 units of packed red blood cells within the preceding 24 weeks, and the patient has not had any transfusion-free period > 35 days within the preceding 24 weeks. The Note which previously stated that this includes patients who are transfusion-dependent was removed (no longer needed). In continuation criteria, a clinically meaningful decrease in transfusion burden was defined by as decreased in at least 2 units in red blood cell transfusion burden over the past 6 months compared with the pretreatment baseline (prior to the initiation of Reblozyl). | 01/11/2023 |

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| | <p>Myelodysplastic Syndrome: In the initial therapy criteria, the requirement for myelodysplastic syndromes “with ring sideroblasts” was revised to state that the ring sideroblasts must be $\geq 15\%$, or ring sideroblasts must be $\geq 5\%$ with an <i>SF3B1</i> mutation. In continuation criteria, the approval duration was decreased from 1 year to 6 months. Additionally, a clinically meaningful decrease in transfusion burden was defined by meeting one of the following: 1) if the patient had a pretreatment (prior to the initiation of Reblozyl) transfusion burden of ≥ 4 units per 8 weeks, the red blood cell transfusion burden has decreased by ≥ 4 units per 8 weeks from pretreatment baseline; OR 2) if the patient had a pretreatment (prior to the initiation of Reblozyl) transfusion burden of < 4 units per 8 weeks, hemoglobin has increased by at least 1.5 g/dL compared with the pretreatment baseline.</p> <p>Myelodysplastic/Myeloproliferative Neoplasm: In the initial therapy criteria, the requirement for myelodysplastic/myeloproliferative neoplasm “with ring sideroblasts” was revised to state that the ring sideroblasts must be $\geq 15\%$, or ring sideroblasts must be $\geq 5\%$ with an <i>SF3B1</i> mutation. Additionally, the requirement for “thrombocytosis-associated anemia” was reworded to “thrombocytosis defined as platelet count $\geq 450 \times 10^9/L$”. In continuation criteria, a clinically meaningful decrease in transfusion burden was defined by meeting one of the following: 1) if the patient had a pretreatment (prior to the initiation of Reblozyl) transfusion burden of ≥ 4 units per 8 weeks, the red blood cell transfusion burden has decreased by ≥ 4 units per 8 weeks from pretreatment baseline; OR 2) if the patient had a pretreatment (prior to the initiation of Reblozyl) transfusion burden of < 4 units per 8 weeks, hemoglobin has increased by at least 1.5 g/dL compared with the pretreatment baseline.</p> | |
| Annual Revision | <p>Myelodysplastic Syndrome: In the initial therapy criteria, the requirement that a patient has ring sideroblasts $\geq 15\%$ or ring sideroblasts $\geq 5\%$ with an <i>SF3B1</i> mutation was changed to either the patient has ring sideroblast positivity (with the definition in a Note) or has serum erythropoietin levels ≤ 500 mU/mL. The requirement was removed that the patient has tried an erythropoiesis-stimulating agent for at least 6 weeks (unless intolerant) or that the serum erythropoietin level is greater than 500 mU/mL. In the criteria in which the patient is currently receiving Reblozyl, the following requirements that defined that the patient has experienced a clinically meaningful decrease in transfusion burden were removed: 1) for a patient that had a pretreatment (prior to the initiation of Reblozyl) transfusion burden of ≥ 4 units per 8 weeks, that red blood cell transfusion burden has decreased by ≥ 4 units per 8 weeks from the pretreatment baseline; OR 2) for a patient that had a pretreatment (prior to the initiation of Reblozyl) transfusion burden of < 4 units per 8 weeks, that the hemoglobin levels has increased by ≥ 1.5 g/dL compared with the pretreatment baseline. A patient is still required to have experienced a clinically meaningful decrease in transfusion burden per the prescriber (without the definitions above) and the phrase “or hemoglobin has increased by 1.5 g/dL compared with the pretreatment baseline” was added.</p> <p>Myelodysplastic/Myeloproliferative Neoplasm: In the initial therapy criteria, the requirement that a patient has ring sideroblasts $\geq 15\%$ or ring sideroblasts $\geq 5\%$ with an <i>SF3B1</i> mutation was changed to just state that the patient has ring sideroblast positivity (with the definition in a Note). The requirement was removed that the patient has tried an erythropoiesis-stimulating agent for at least 6 weeks (unless intolerant) or that the serum erythropoietin level is greater than 500 mU/mL. In the criteria in which the patient is currently receiving Reblozyl, the following requirements that defined that the patient has experienced a clinically meaningful decrease in transfusion burden were removed: 1) for a patient that had a pretreatment (prior to the initiation of Reblozyl) transfusion burden of ≥ 4 units per 8 weeks, that red blood cell transfusion burden has decreased by ≥ 4 units per 8 weeks from the pretreatment baseline; OR 2) for a patient that had a pretreatment (prior to the initiation of Reblozyl) transfusion burden of < 4 units per 8 weeks, that the hemoglobin has increased by ≥ 1.5 g/dL compared with the</p> | 12/20/2023 |

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| | pretreatment baseline. A patient is still required to have experienced a clinically meaningful decrease in transfusion burden per the prescriber (without the definitions above) and the phrase “or hemoglobin has increased by 1.5 g/dL compared with the pretreatment baseline” was added. | |
| Selected Revision | Transfusion Dependent Beta-Thalassemia: The name of the indication of use was changed to as listed (previously it was cited as beta-thalassemia). The criterion that the patient has not received Zynteglo in the past was changed to state that the patient has not received a gene therapy for transfusion-dependent beta-thalassemia in the past. A Note was added that examples are Zynteglo and Casgevy. | 04/24/2024 |
| Aspirus P&T Review | Policy reviewed and approved by Aspirus P&T committee. Annual review process | 09/16/2024 |
| Annual Revision | No criteria changes. | 01/08/2025 |
| Aspirus P&T Review | Policy reviewed and approved by Aspirus P&T committee. Annual review process | 09/15/2025 |
| Annual Revision | <p>Transfusion Dependent Beta-Thalassemia: For initial therapy, the duration of approval was changed to 6 months; previously, it was 4 months. For initial therapy and for a patient currently receiving Reblozyl, a requirement was added that the patient is not currently receiving Aqvesme (mitapivat tablets).</p> <p>Myelodysplastic Syndrome: For initial therapy, the requirement was removed that the patient has ring sideroblast positivity or the patient has a serum erythropoietin level ≤ 500 mU/mL. The requirement was removed that the patient currently requires blood transfusions, defined as at least two red blood cell units over the previous 8 weeks. The requirement that the pretreatment hemoglobin level is < 10.0 g/dL was changed to according to the prescriber, the patient has symptomatic anemia.</p> <p>Myelodysplastic/Myeloproliferative Neoplasm: The requirements were removed that the patient has ring sideroblast positivity and thrombocytosis defined as a platelet count $\geq 450 \times 10^9/L$. Also, the following requirements were removed: patient does not have a confirmed mutation with deletion 5q[del(5q)]; patient currently requires blood transfusions, defined as at least two red blood cell units over the previous 8 weeks; and Reblozyl will not be used in combination with an erythropoiesis stimulating agent. The requirement that the pretreatment hemoglobin level is < 10.0 g/dL was changed to according to the prescriber, the patient has symptomatic anemia.</p> <p>Myelofibrosis: This was added as a new condition of approval. Dosing for this indication was also added.</p> | 01/28/2026 |
| Selected Revision | Myelofibrosis: It was added that this indication is routed to EVICORE. Also, a requirement was added that the medication is being prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist or hematologist. | 02/04/2026 |
| Selected Revision | Myelodysplastic Syndrome: For a patient currently receiving Reblozyl, the approval duration was changed from 6 months to 1 year. | 02/11/2026 |